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The duty of the State being the supreme law, national employment must give place to national production during war time. To save gasoline is to save money. It will also ensure a more adequate supply of "gas" for the needs of our war machine, which must lack no essential. To comply with the Fuel Controller's request: will save \$15,000,000 on a single Sunday, in gasoline. It will also save hundreds, or thousands of gallons. A word to the wise motor car owner is sufficient!

THE INDEPENDENT

The People's Paper

Established 1885

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON & SONS, Owners and Publishers.

JAS. A. LIVINGSTON, General Manager.

J. ORLON LIVINGSTON, Editor.

LIEUT. J. A. M. LIVINGSTON, Business Manager.

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A COMEDY OF ERRORS

The Fire Marshall of the State of Wisconsin has issued a bulletin which he terms a "Comedy of Errors." It should have been called a tragedy.

It says:— It says:—

He looked for a gas leak with a match and found it.

He lighted a match to see if his gasoline tank was empty. It was not.

He smoked while filling his auto tank but will do so no more.

He smoked in bed; so did the bed clothes.

He threw the matches into the waste paper basket. He is wiser now.

He threw a cigarette stub into some rubbish.

He saved his oily waste and oily rags and they burned the shop.

He washed his hands in gasoline near the stove. The doctor washes them now.

He did not worry about fire as he had "plenty of insurance," and forgot the safety of his wife and

children upstairs.

He stuffed up the chimney holes with paper and rags.

She cleaned her gloves with gasoline and saved fifteen cents, but paid the druggists and doctor fifteen dollars.

She poured kerosene into the lamp while the wick was burning.

She put gasoline into the wash boiler to make washing easier.

She dried clothes too near the stove.

She used the wrong oil can.

She burned sulphur all over the house to fumigate.

She used the wood-box back of the range as a waste paper receptacle.

She gave matches to her children to go out to burn leaves in the yard. The cotton dresses burned easier than the leaves.

She was "coming right back," so left the electric current on in her room.

She hung the gas bracket too close to the curtains.

She fixed up a fine tissue paper shade for the lamp.

She slid the tank of her gasoline stove while one burner was going.

The comedies have turned to tragedies; many of the scenes of action were in ashes and so many of the actors are maimed or dead, more will follow, no doubt, as they are prone to ignore the advice and experience of others instead of profiting by their errors and sufferings.

PAID UP LIST

Geo. Dalgleish, Beamsville, Sept. 15, '10

W. S. Zimmerman, Beamsville, March 8, '10

Sam Hunt, Grimsby, Dec. 21, '10

Morris U'ell, Grimsby, Sept. 15, '10

Try an Independent Ad.

Kitchener was right

when he said—

"Either the civilian population must go short of many things to which it is accustomed in times of peace or our armies must go short of munitions and other things indispensable to them."

NOW the only way we can possibly live up to that obligation is by going without in order that our soldiers may have. For the money we waste is not money at all—it is equipment, clothing, shot and shell that are urgently needed in France.

By denying ourselves, therefore, we enable Canada to procure to the fullest extent the materials and labor which she and our Allies need for the successful prosecution of the war.

What happens when we fail to save?

A pull on labor by the Government in one direction and a pull on labor by the people in the opposite direction.

Hundreds of millions of dollars are of no use to the country if goods and services can be secured only to the extent of eighty millions of dollars. So we must do everything in our power to release both goods and labor for the purposes for which Canada needs them.

WHETHER it be food, coal, wool, steel, leather, labor or transportation, the result in all cases is the same. Whoever competes with the nation by freely satisfying his own desires, selfishly appropriates to his own use that which is so urgently required for our fighting men in France.

For the sake of your country and the boys "over there," spend cautiously. Think of what Lord Kitchener has said, and ask yourself first, "Is this something I really need or can I do without it?"

Published under the authority of the Minister of Finance of Canada

HOME STRANGE CHANGES

Russians Have Even Devoted the Angel's Song.

Lady Muriel Paget, organizer of the Anglo-Russian Hospital, which in two years cared for enormous numbers of wounded on the eastern front, arrived in New York recently on her way back to England. "Stories of the revolutionary changes made by committees were heard everywhere," she told a New York Times reporter. "On one of the ships of the Black Sea sent a committee was formed to decide whether or not there was a God. They deliberated, heard both sides of the argument, and finally pronounced the judgment that there was no God; and the chaplain was accordingly dismissed. At another place a committee was appointed to revise the prayerbooks of the church. For the phrase 'Lord God,' they substituted 'President God of the Heavenly Republic,' and they made the Christmas service read, 'Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace without annunciations and indemnities, and good will to men.'"

"There is a marvelous simplicity and unconcern about the Russians. On a tramcar in Petrograd one of the passengers was caught in the act of picking another passenger's pocket. A committee was formed which promptly found him guilty and bound him hand and foot. When the tramcar came to the Nova the committee stopped it, took the thief off, and threw him off the bridge into the river; then the car started up again, and the conversation went on undisturbed."

"On the streets a well-dressed person is sure to be held up and compelled to give up coat or shoes at the point of the revolver. A friend of mine was met by a robber who demanded his fur coat; but he had the wit to plead that he had just stolen it himself that morning, and left it to the robber's sense of justice if he should not be allowed to enjoy it for a while. This seemed fair enough, so he was permitted to go his way still in possession of the coat."

"Another friend was compelled to leave up his coat, but in this case the robber was amenable to the plan that a man without an overcoat would be terribly cold. 'Very well,' he said, 'you may have mine.' It was not a very presentable garment, but the man who had been compelled to take it in exchange felt better when he got home and found in the pocket 500 rubles, apparently the proceeds of previous hold-ups."

Highly Privileged Men.

The recent appointment of several notable people—Sir Eric Geddes and Mr. Justice Darling amongst them—to be members of the Privy Council serves to call to mind the many quaint old-time privileges that still cling to this most ancient and honorable office. To attempt the life of a Privy Councillor, for instance, is a capital offence; and, although he may be merely an ordinary commoner, at all state functions a P.C. takes precedence immediately after the Knights of the Garter.

The King himself presides in person over their deliberations, whereas he is never present at a meeting of the Cabinet. It is the King who summons them to take private counsel with him, whereas an ordinary Cabinet meeting is summoned by the Prime Minister.

The offices of the Privy Council are at the Treasury Building in Whitehall, where the Lord President—who is always a Cabinet Minister—has his private room. Here, too, assemblies from time to time the Judicial Committee of the Council, the most august legal body in the world, probably constituting as it does the final Court of Appeal for the whole of the British Empire.

Cleeds in the Army.

Difficulties as to religion in the army are not new. The dictators are not always on sure ground. When a literary man went to attend after the outbreak of the war, the officer responsible put it to him after tea, "Church of England, I suppose?" and they all answered in the affirmative until it came to the journalist, "No, Dissenter," he said firmly. The officer gasped, "Well, but—er—you believe in the Bible, don't you?" he said. It was over then, remarked a writer in the Daily Chronicle. Gladstone heard with delight the story of an earlier recruit. The enlistment officer, a militia captain, said, "Are you a Protestant?" "No." "Then are you a Catholic?" "No." "Then what the devil are you?—are you a heathen?" "No, I'm a Pagan." According to the Hon. Lionel Telford, the narrator of the story, the captain, after ascertaining what this latter term meant, decided that the recruit should be sent to the Catholic service in the morning and to the Protestant in the afternoon.

Britain's Birth Rate.

Sir Bernard Mallet, the Registrar-General of Births and Deaths, shows that since the war began the population of the United Kingdom has increased by reason of births over deaths to such an extent as to more than counterbalance the whole of the losses of our armed forces. In the other words, the civil population of the Central Empires has steadily, and even rapidly, declined since the war began, and he estimates that this loss, added to the loss by deaths in the field, has reduced the total population of the Central Empires by at least four millions.

Against Pacifism.

Capt. S. Bruce has been returned by a majority of over six thousand over his Labor opponent in the by-election in Finsbury, Victoria, Australia, to fill Sir W. L. Irvine's seat in the Commonwealth House of Representatives. There is no doubt but that many Laborers supported Capt. Bruce owing to the recent peace manifesto of the Victorian Labor party, which Senator Gardner, the real leader of the Labor party, repudiated, thereby greatly assisting recruiting.

The woman hood-carrier has made her appearance in New York City.



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Your furnace should not only give you plenty of heat, but the right quality of heat.

Some houses would be better without any heat than the kind their furnaces give them.

If you study the Sunshine Furnace you will know what the right kind of heat is and how to get it.

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McClary's Sunshine Furnace

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FUEL SUPPLY FREE

To Municipalities of the Province of Ontario



A view in the hardwood forest in the Algonquin Park

OWING to the seriousness of the fuel situation at the present time, the Government of Ontario would urge upon all the farmers or others who may have wood lots, to assist at this time by making provision for their fuel supply from such lots.

The Government would also draw the attention of the various Municipalities throughout the Province to the necessity of taking some Municipal action to secure fuel supply. To this end the Government has decided to issue to any Municipality in Ontario a permit to cut fire wood in Algonquin Park or from other Crown Lands free of charge. For particulars as to localities, conditions of cutting, etc., apply to

G. H. FERGUSON,
Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

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Henry Carpenter
Solicitor, Notary Public
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Phone 54.

LAZIER & LAZIER, BARRISTERS,
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The Season's Newest & Best Footwear Productions for Men, Women, and Children.

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"THE STORE OF 1001 THINGS"

Stoves! Stoves!

Just arrived the first shipment of
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THEAL BROS. HARDWARE

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GRIMSBY, ONT.



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When you buy an

OVERLAND

you make a good investment. Then our SERVICE protects that investment.

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Best Gentleman, single driver car outfit, 1st prize, \$4.00; 2nd prize \$3.00; 3rd prize \$2.00. Open to the World.

Robinson Baby Show...Every baby gets something.

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President.

E. J. WHITWORTH, Sec'y.
Binbrook, P. O.

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SMELTING IN EXCELSIS

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The Great Smelter at Trail, B.C.

ALTHOUGH, as is well known, a world-wide attention was first directed to British Columbia by reason of the discovery in the late "thirties" and early "forties" of alluvial gold in the Fraser river, and to the streams of the Cariboo district—and for many years a rich harvest was reaped from these sources—mining as an important, basic industry of the Province—and it is now by far the most important industry in British Columbia—was not, fairly launched until nearly forty years later; and the building of the Trail smelter in 1894 by that brilliant young American financier and copper king, P. Augustus Heenan, not only made Trail, whose mines have since produced gold, silver and copper to the value of \$70,000,000 in round figures, but had the effect of enormously stimulating mineral development and the investment of capital in mining in other sections of the province. But Heenan was certainly not actuated by philanthropic or humanitarian motives. It was no part of his plan to operate the smelter for the profit of anyone but himself. Hence although he received a land grant from the Provincial Government as a consideration for the construction of the smelter and of a narrow-gauge railway to afford connection between the works at Trail and the mines at Rossland, and also obtained an assurance from the Dominion Government of a bonus of a dollar on each ton of ore treated, he also took care that the rate imposed on the treatment of outside ore should be a tolerably high one. The fact is, as the development of the mines progressed and it became necessary to market ore of a lower grade average, the margin of profit left to the miners after paying treatment charges became considerably restricted; and consequently the value of the smelter works and railway in 1898 was acquired by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the mine was at once reduced very materially. It is fair, however, to state that the new owners were in a much better position to undertake to smelt at a lower cost owing to the great cheapening of fuel following the development of the Crowfoot railroad. In 1901, the smelter became the property of the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, which also acquired

at that time the War Eagle—Cottrell Star group of mines at Rossland, the Mt. Rogers lead mine at Maple and other properties, (which since have been further augmented) and the capacity of the plant was greatly increased, so that the undertaking now ranks as one of the largest and most important of its kind in the British Empire. This is attested by the fact that the smelter has treated to date 5,179,297 tons of ore having a gross value of \$24,112,754 and representing 1,774,321 oz. of gold, 37,403,250 lb. of silver, 658,234,134 lb. of lead, 75,947,410 lb. of copper and 23,554,294 lb. of zinc. The site of the smelter was admirably selected having regard to its gathering and commercial considerations and requires siting on an elevated terrace of gravelly soil overlooking the Columbia river; and only a few miles distant are the magnificent Falls of Bonington, from which the plant derives its power. Moreover, ore can be shipped in treatment to this work most readily and advantageously from the various localities in both West and East Kootenay, and indeed from much farther afield. In consequence the Trail smelter has become almost a national asset, and an "international" institution, since in recent years it has treated in addition to British Columbia lead, zinc and copper ores from the Yukon, Manitoba and Ontario, from the United States and from China. From quite small beginnings the works have been extended until they now cover many acres of ground, and when working at full capacity give employment to 1,600 men, a large proportion of whom are necessarily natives. In this article it is not intended to go into technical details, but it may be stated briefly that the main smelting plant consists of "two open hearth furnaces," four lead blast furnaces, and two zinc blast furnaces; the product of which is refined locally, involving electro-lytic methods. This latter method, by the way, is the most interesting part of the story; and as a national institution, it is the greatest possible credit to these men for their successful establishment. Before I say the only useful word, in regard to the smelter in Canada was lead, which was exclusively smelted at Trail, but all our copper and zinc ores, being by the way the best essential metals in the manufacture of munitions, are shipped out of the country as metals or in other stabilized state, to be re-

fined, and then to satisfy our own requirements for these metals in finished or unmanufactured form we re-purchased at, of course, a vastly enhanced price representing the profits of manufacture in a foreign country plus the import duty. All of which was the reverse of good business. But the war, which has had an stimulative effect on the national conscience in general, influenced action beneficially in this direction also; and upon the urging of the Munitions Board these in charge of the Trail Smelter set to work with a will, and succeeded after much experimentation in producing refined zinc electrolytically on a commercial scale. The plant now in operation has a capacity of from 60 to 70 tons of spelter daily, and last year, reduced 10,000 tons of zinc, having a value of \$1,000,000, which, as is stated in an official report, marks "a new epoch in the metallurgical history of Canada." So also with the refining of copper, which before the war was on many sides pronounced to be an undertaking that could not economically be conducted in Canada, but which during the past two years has been most successfully carried on at Trail, the two copper converters installed in 1916 enabling the matte from the copper furnaces that previously had been shipped away for further treatment, to be converted into blistercopper, which in turn is refined electrolytically in a plant which has an initial capacity of 10 tons daily, but which, since has been enlarged to handle twice that amount. Other products of the smelter are copper sulphate, lead, zinc, shrapnel, wire, gold, silver, antimony, acid, and hydrofluoric acid. In short, it is now as complete a metallurgical works as there is on the continent, and as such has played a most important and useful role in furnishing the metals needed for munitions making in Canada, thus contributing materially to the effectiveness of the Dominion's war effort. Nor does this complete its record for patriotic achievement. Since its product has been that it has an honor roll on which is inscribed the names of something like three hundred of its employees, who enlisted voluntarily for overseas service early in the war. Among these are several members of the engineering staff, all of whom have won distinction for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in the battlefields of France and Flanders.—N. L.

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WILSON'S FLY PADS
WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN
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STICKY FLY CATCHER

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in men's and women's mahogany Bala, or men's, women's and children's pumps and oxfords, and also a good assortment of sports, and tennis shoes.

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Keep Your Paper FOR THE RED CROSS

The GRIMSBY Women's Institute are still anxious to get paper to be sold for the benefit of their Red Cross work. All parties who have old papers or magazines or old rubber stamps should keep them for this purpose. Fold your paper about a foot square and stick them one on top of the other until you have a bundle about a foot deep, then tie it up with good strong string, one that will not break easily. Keep your magazines separately and tie them up in bundles with strong cord. When you have a sufficient number bring them to the paper building on the east side of the Independent Block GRIMSBY.

Those who cannot deliver the paper themselves to the building, should notify the Independent Office and an automobile will call for the paper. Periodical collections will be made in the Village, but the parties, who make collections, are busy men and all papers should be tied up in bundles, so that they can be put into an automobile quickly, so as to save time. Parties in the township, who have no way of delivering the paper themselves should make arrangements with some neighbor to bring them to the paper house on his way or in his automobile.

The Salvation Army from Hamilton has been gathering papers in GRIMSBY and district, but as this organization has no tabernacle in GRIMSBY, the GRIMSBY people should keep their paper for their local Red Cross benefit. If a thousand families save all the paper, they will soon make a car load.

Do not roll the paper into small rolls as they have to be unrolled before they go in the bales and this work costs almost as much as the paper is worth.

If these instructions are followed carefully the Red Cross can make some money out of waste paper.

MONEY TO LOAN

Parties wishing to pay off old loans, to purchase more land, or to make improvements, can secure money at a low rate of interest.

Moderate charges for printing and through. For full particulars apply to H. E. ANDERSON, Valuator, Grimsby.

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BUY COARSE FOR PIPE LIGHT

Every house well painted is a house protected.

THE paint-protected house is a weather proof house. The paint-protected building resists summer sun, winter weather and decay.

With building materials rotting when they do to-day, you simply cannot afford to leave your house without the weather protection which only a good paint ensures.

What is good paint? We can answer that question—showing as we do that there is one paint which fully meets every requirement.

Our advice is to use only

B-H PAINT "ENGLISH" 75% Pure White Lead (Protects, Cleans, B-H) 100% Pure White Lead 100% Pure Paint

the kind guaranteed by its makers to possess as it is in perfect form the above strictly correct formula. That formula, stamped on every can, enables in a moment to truly select the correct paint—and that stands the severest test of Canada in a way that gives true economy for all who use it.

Theal Bros. Grimsby, Ont.



LOCAL ITEMS

of interest in and
around GRIMSBY

We try to give a correct list of casualties from this district, each week, but some are bound to escape us. If any of your friends or relatives are reported killed or wounded, please call us up and give us the particulars and we will see that your friends are notified through the columns of the INDEPENDENT. Phone 36.

Notice.—The Grimsby Fruit Growers Limited, operating the Bell Canning Factory, are now prepared to take in all Tomatoes offered. Call up 300 if you have any to offer.

For Sale.—Cottage and corner lot in Fruit, at Winona. Box 513 R. GRIMSBY INDEPENDENT.

Miss Mildred Hughes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hughes, Robinson Street, who underwent an operation in the General Hospital, Hamilton, on Saturday of last week is reported a improving and will soon be fully recovered from the operation.

Mr. K. N. Groat, GRIMSBY, has informed us that his second son, Alex, who enlisted in Toronto Artillery Unit early this year and has been, for the summer months, training at Petawawa Camp, has left camp for overseas. Signaller Harold Groat, who has had long service in England and France, is still going strong in The Field, with his Battery and reports from him are very optimistic.

For Sale.—Pure bred Registered Holstein Friesian bull calf, eleven months old, from exceptional good stock. Apply to G. E. Maycock, Vinemount. Phone Winona 26 ring 12.

For Sale.—A sheep skin lined heavy canvas coat with heavy fleece collar. Is the same as the British Army issue to Service Corps men for winter wear and is in perfect condition. Can be seen by applying to Phone 378, GRIMSBY.

For Sale.—Dry wood. Apply to J. E. Lawson, Phone 378 ring 3, GRIMSBY.

Mrs. C. M. Stewart and Master Cyril, who have been spending the past month with Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Harrison, Maple Ave., left on Saturday to spend a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Robson, of Niagara Falls.

Mrs. S. B. McLean returned home on Monday after spending a week with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Edward Coyte and children of Buffalo, N. Y., are visiting Mrs. Coyte's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Durham.

John Hicks, Beamsville, won second prize on Exhibition Breeding Pen of Barred Rocks at the Canadian National, Toronto.

FRUIT GROWERS.—Ship your fruit to J. D. McGregor, Ottawa, the old reliable commission house, good steady prices. Sales reports each day. Choose on your local bank each Monday. For full particulars, daily prices and rubber stamps, call at the office of D. E. Swayze, agent, GRIMSBY.

Dr. Wm. E. Cruickshank

M. B. (Toronto), L. B. C. P. & S. (Edin.), L. R. F. P. & S. (Glas.)

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You can safely trust your eyes to us. The proper use of the best instruments enables us to diagnose the error immediately.

If glasses will help you we will give you the correct thing.

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Agency "His Master's Voice."

ESTABLISHED 1872

BANK OF HAMILTON

THE price of everything you buy is high. But so is the price of everything you sell. Now is the time to do with unnecessary things. The money saved now will buy more when prices again become normal.

GRIMSBY BRANCH
F. W. Fothergill.

I have a few very nice new potatoes for sale in eleven quart baskets, also Red Astrachan apples, (very fine for apple sauce) in eleven and six quart baskets. Jas. A. Livingston, GRIMSBY.

Mr. and Mrs. Lefroy D. Oakley and Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Oakley, Lefroy is another old GRIMSBY boy who has climbed the ladder of success in the world. He is now Chief Travelling Auditor for the Dominion Express, Co. between Winnipeg and Vancouver.

To Let.—On Maple Ave., a seven roomed house and lot, good cellar under the whole house, recent floor in cellar, sunshine furnace, town water and electric lights. Possession October first. Apply to J. J. Grace, Ontario Street, GRIMSBY. Phone 197.

Cadet J. Lloyd Marriott, Royal Air Force, youngest son of J. C. Marriott, GRIMSBY, who is training at Camp Borden was in town over the week-end, and surely looks as if the Service was agreeing with him.

Danville Races on Friday are sure to be top-notchers, and a good-sized contingent of local sports are figuring on being present to see the nags go 'round the circle.

Cadet Reginald Alexander, youngest son of Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Alexander, who has been in training with the Royal Air Force for some months was home, last week, on his "last leave" previous to proceeding Overseas with a draft of Cadets where he will complete his training. Cadet Alexander left the Village on Sunday evening.

Don't forget that Beamsville Fair's big day is Saturday of this week, and there will be some classy contests pulled off in their acting line. The local horses are all ready for the word.

The first Annual Reunion of the Roy descendants will be held at Victoria Park, Niagara Falls, Ont., on Thursday, September 20, 1918.

Jockey Willie Hunt, son of Samuel and Mrs. Hunt, arrived home on Tuesday for a few weeks' holiday. Jockey Hunt had the mount on Laurentian, winner of second money in the Quebec King's Plate, which was run at Blue Bonnets track, Montreal on Saturday last. This race was the feature of a classy card staged for the benefit of the Red Cross in order to keep the Plate Classic alive until racing is resumed after the War. Jockey Hunt has served his apprenticeship as a "jock" and is now acknowledged to be one of the best of the present day riders on the big track. On Saturday he mounted set all the early pace and was only beaten a head for the grand prize in the stretch run.

GRIMSBY Beach has been declared "out-of-bounds" to all members of the Royal Air Force, Beamsville Camp, in uniform.

The "shifting-pictures" at Moore's Theatre, three nights a week are the best productions that can be procured through any exchange in Canada, and you will not regret going to see them.

Mr. J. Orton Livingston left GRIMSBY yesterday for Kitchener, Ont., where he will be associated with Mr. "Pop" Phillips, the theatrical magnate of that town, through out the coming winter, in connection with promoting "Red Cross Weeks" throughout Western Ontario.

Watch the War Veterans' Corner in this and each succeeding issue of the INDEPENDENT, and keep in touch with the men who have "gone through it" for you, on the fields of France and Belgium.

Mrs. Harry P. Baker, and daughter, Miss Edythe Baker, returned to GRIMSBY, last week, after two years' residence in England. Mrs. Baker's husband, Capt. (acting Lieut.-Col.) Harry P. Baker went overseas with one of the early units of the third contingent, and after extensive training experience in England, is now in command, temporarily, of a Chinese Labor Battalion in France, where he has been for some months past.

At H. Glover's National Service and fruit land, a very daring robbery occurred at the early hour of 3 o'clock Wednesday morning. There are supposed to be about five in the gang; two or three men and two women were seen. They came in an auto truck which they left down the Main Road some distance from the Camp. They got away with \$11.00.

Word has been received by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bingle, whose second son, Captain Thomas was reported wounded, severely, in the last and this, some time ago, that he will lose his foot, by amputation.

Removal Notice.—Mr. House (Globe Optical) Hamilton, Ontario, doing business over 75 years at 111 King East has removed to 63 King East, 4 doors west of the Post Office.

Electrical Light and Power wiring.—Let me give you an estimate of your Electrical work, orders promptly attended to. E. Fawcett, Phone 311, GRIMSBY.

Lot.—On Monday afternoon, Sept. 16, 1918, on Main St. or Station St. N. a ladies' pocket book containing a sum of money, registration certificate, etc. Finder will be rewarded by returning to Mrs. R. R. Bradley, Robinson St. N. GRIMSBY.

EVERYBODY COME.—To the Naval League Meeting in Moore's Theatre on Friday evening, September 20, 1918, at eight o'clock. Prominent speakers will deliver addresses on the work of the Mercantile Marine, and a splendid musical programme will be rendered; through the courtesy of the theatre management two films depicting "The Guardians of the Deep" at work, will be run. Admission free; silver collection.

For Sale.—A standard make bicycle in good condition. Will sell cheap. Apply to E. R. Darby, Phone 304, GRIMSBY, Ont.

MEET ME.—We have a good sample of Fall Hye for seed on hand, and will be glad to receive orders while it lasts. H. Rayner & Co., Flora & Food, Phone 187, License No. 5-1172, GRIMSBY, Ont.

St. John's Church is holding its annual Sunday School Rally next Sunday afternoon, Sept. 22 at 2:30 o'clock. A special program will be taken by the School. The choir will provide suitable music. Soloist, Miss Kitchen, Captain Rev. D. E. Foster, Chaplain R. A. F. Beamsville, will give an address. Parents and friends are cordially invited to the service.

For Sale.—Six young pigs, six weeks old. Apply Andrew Hill, Phone 285 ring 4, GRIMSBY.

FISH.—(Fresh smoked and salt.) We expect shipment of fresh Salmon Trout and White Fish on Thursday. Price 15c lb. Also various Haddie, Kippers, Bonitos, Starling and Boneless Catfish. J. H. Wells, Greener.

On Sunday evening, last, while crossing the bridge over the G. T. R. tracks, on Peter Street, which is undergoing repairs at the hands of the Grand Trunk construction and repairs gang, Mrs. Payne, mother of Mrs. George Watkins had the misfortune to break through a broken plank in the flooring of the bridge and sustained quite a painful and more or less serious injury to her knee and leg. Another evidence of the "public-ho-damned" spirit displayed by the public-utility corporations in not having a good one place of this kind properly safeguarded after dark.

For Sale.—Three pure young pigs, six weeks old, also several purebred White Leghorn cockerels. Price 25c-30c a pair. Apply E. P. Smart, Ontario St., GRIMSBY. Phone 12, after 7 p. m. any day.

Boys' wool jerseys, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Furman's wool suit \$20. Extra heavy wool suit, \$30, \$35 and \$40. Buy now. K. M. Stegman.

Wanted.—To rent or purchase a farm, 25 to 30 acres. Need not be first class land. Give particulars. A. C. McKee, St. Marys, Ont.

All friends of Ed. M. John is invited to a Post Card Shower next Friday. Write and mail to this address No. 227879, P.O. E. J. St. John, 7th Battalion, Mercy Ward, Military Hospital, Bethnal Green, Cambridge Road, London, England. Everybody is invited. Give him a god shower—Not German but this time.

To Rent.—An Apartment in "Pinehurst Lodge," GRIMSBY East. Apply to J. H. Ford, Phone 67 ring 11, GRIMSBY East.

For Sale.—About fifteen yards of Brussels carpet in fair condition. Apply to Phone 379.

All items of interest to the GREAT WAR VETERANS will be found in a corner of this paper, devoted to the local Branch of the Association and its work, exclusively. Watch for it, and follow it boys' war.

The women of GRIMSBY and the District are reminded that the Fall

P. and H. S.
TEXT BOOKS
NOTE BOOKS

and
SCRIBBLERS

Special Value 5 and 10c
MAPS, GLOBES

and all other
SCHOOL SUPPLIES

at
LOWEST PRICES

CLOKE & SON
16 West King St.
Hamilton

MILLINERY OPENING



A FASHION EVENT

extraordinary, Displaying the Authentic Styles,
of the Season, Ready-to-Wear and Millinery in
a Most Satisfying and Elaborate Assemblage.

Friday and Saturday
September 20th, & 21st.

The A. F. HAWKE COMPANY
GRIMSBY, ONT.

Millinery Opening of A. F. Hawke Company will be held on Friday and Saturday of this week, and a most cordial invitation is extended to every one to view the excellent and latest fall styles which will be on exhibition.

A noticeable decrease in motor traffic on Sunday, has been noted through GRIMSBY—due to the voluntary saving of petrol which is being done by the motorists of Canada, as an appeal from the Government. He something of this kind have been done years ago, in other times besides "gas," we would be in a much better shape to "win the war" than we are.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held in 1 chrome of the Institute, over the Canadian Bank of Commerce, on Thursday afternoon, September 19, at three o'clock.

Notice to Fruit Growers.—James Steven, Sr., Beamsville, is again appointed Agent for Brown Brothers Nursery Company. I am now ready to take orders for nursery stock, shrubs and roses, for fall and spring planting. If I don't get to your place, call me up by phone 5 ring 4, Beamsville and I will attend to your wants at once. James Steven, Sr.

We in Canada are now face to face with war conditions, both as to foodstuffs and wearing apparel. Clothing is scarce and rapidly becoming very dear. Three large boats containing hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of English woolsens for Canada, were sunk by submarines in last month. We, despite the great shortage in woolsens are still in a position to sell you clothing at reasonable prices and still give good substantial goods that will not assume that "corner" look after a few weeks' wear. We have ready-made suits from \$10.00 up to \$20.00 and make up suits to order from \$15.00 to \$45.00. We manufacture our own goods and positively save you money on everything you may intend to buy. We would also advise that the sooner you buy the better, as the nearer they will be later on. Assuring you of our best service at all times, Farmer Clothing Manufacturer, 5 Market Square, Hamilton. We give premium tickets.

PUBLIC NOTICE

The notice is hereby notified that payment has been stopped upon all cheques issued by me, for \$122.50, dated September 17, 1918, in favour of Joe Ernest, drawn on the Bank of Hamilton.

I have stopped payment on this cheque at the Bank of Hamilton, and the public is warned against negotiating it as I will not pay it. (Signed) Agnes E. Walker, Grimsby 15-9-18.

MEMORIAL

McNICHOL—JONES.—At the home of the bride's parents on Thursday, September 14, 1918, by the Rev. T. Rankine, Gladys Letitia, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. E. Johnson, to Fred A. M. Charles Henry McNichol, R. A. F., eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George McNichol.

A Public Meeting

Will be held in the interests of the

NAVY LEAGUE OF
CANADA

MOORE'S THEATRE

Friday Evg., Sept. 20, '18

At Which Addresses Will Be Given

Commodore Aemilius Jarvis S.S.D.
and others

SOLOS BY LOCAL TALENT

Also through the Kindness of Mrs. Moore a two Reel film (GUARDIAN OF THE DEEP) will be shown.

Be Sure and come and hear what the Navy has done for Canada and show Your Appreciation by Joining the Navy League.

ADMISSION FREE

Chair Taken at 8 P. M. Silver Coll. to defray expenses
GOD SAVE THE KING

FOR WHEAT GROWERS

The use of glowing and saving is just the way to make your crop good and big. Why not choose FREEMAN'S SPECIAL POTASH FERTILIZER?

Write today to Freeman and a free copy of our Van Potter Macnamara Book will come to you. This information is not all kinds of Wheat and good by itself. Agents wanted in unoccupied territory.

The W. A. FREEMAN CO., Limited
181 Front Street E., HAMILTON, ONT.

ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT

Extraordinary Success which "Fruit-a-lives" Has Achieved

The reason why "Fruit-a-lives" is so extraordinarily successful in giving relief to those suffering with Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Excess and other Skin Affections, is because it is the only medicine in the world made from fruit juices.

It is composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, oranges, figs and prunes, together with the nerve tonics and antiseptics of grove ripens.

One box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

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Real Estate and
Insurance

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MONEY TO LOAN

Office, Main Street,
GRIMSBY.

Contractor's and Builder's Supplies

Lime, Portland Cement
Plaster Paris, etc.
Plastering Hair,
Mortar Color
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All other Contractors' Supplies

H. & J. Dow

61 Main St. West
Telephone 771. HAMILTON

THE Hamilton Provident Land Loan Society

Corner King and Hughes St.
Hamilton.

Pays 3% per cent. on daily balances on savings accounts of \$1.00 and upwards.

4 Per cent. paid on Debentures for one or two years.

5 Per cent. paid on Debentures for three or five years.

Money to loan.

W. B. CALDER, Valuator,
Schenck.

SMOKE TUCKER'S T&B PLUG

Eat less
Bread

(Continued from last week)

at his worst. Old Captain Hogg built it and lived in it and died in it. The devil is trying to get out of old Hogg today for the things he did in that house."

"How long since did he die?"

"Oh, twenty years back."

"And the house was sold soon after?"

"Selling vacant for ten years. Then the fellow Blair bought it. I don't know him, but he bought a worthy about there. A bad house, it is—rotten bad."

"What's wrong with it?"

"Men's bones in the brick and wood—bones in the mortar."

"Was the old boy a really—asked Kent, amused by the man's—bones."

"Just as bad—asked Kent."

"Have you ever been in the house?"

"Many's the time when it was Hogg's house. Only once when they do tell that the curse has come down with the house and is heavy on the new owner's son."

"So I've heard."

"The old white head wagged bodingly."

"The curse of the blood," he said. "It's on all that race."

"Hogg's oldest sister was the grandmother of this young fellow's mother, wasn't she?" asked Kent.

"That's right. Wilfrid Blair's great grandmother."

"And a bad 'un, too, I guess," continued the older fellow.

"Don't you say it!" cried the old woman. "The curse of the blood was on her. Strange she was and beautiful, as my mother used to tell me, but not bad. She came in at Lonsome Cove too."

"Drowned at sea?" asked Kent.

"The old white head wagged bodingly. The next night her body came in. They said in the country-side that she had the gift of second sight and foretold her own death."

"Hum-m," mused Kent. "And now the Blair has changed the name of the place. No wonder."

"There's one thing they haven't changed, the private buryin' plot."

"Family?"

"Hogg's there, all right, on 'em never a grave in the countryside dared to speak to God about his soul, when they said him there. His nephew, too, that was as black-hearted as himself. But the rest of the graves got no backbone."

"Blair?"

"There as he kept for his own service as killed in his tent. Nobody knows how many. You can see the head of the cross where they lie, from the road, and the old willows that lean over 'em."

"Cheerful sort of person the late Mr. Hogg seems to have been. Any relic of his trade in the house?"

"Relics? You may say so. His old photo and compass, guns, surgical instruments and the loaded whistling whip that they used to say he kept with him. They've got 'em hung on the walls now for ornaments. Ornamental if they'd seen 'em as I've seen 'em, they'd sink the damned things in a hundred fathoms of clean sea."

"Blair Smith was called boy on one of the old Hogg feet one voyage," explained Elder Dennett.

"God forgive me for it!" said the old man. "There they hang, and with 'em the chains and—"

"Isn't that lamp finished yet?" demanded Kent, turning sharply upon Elder Dennett.

"Having paid for it, with something extra for his curtness, he led the woman out of the place."

"You were going to say 'and bread-cuffs' weren't you?" he inquired.

"Why, yes. What of that?" asked the veteran, puzzled. Suddenly he brought his hand down with a slap on his thigh. "Where was my wrist?" he cried. "Then I know I've seen their 'em before! Slave manacles! They must 'a' come from Hogg's haven!"

"Very likely. But that suspicion had better be kept quiet at present."

"Aye, aye, sir," agreed the other. "More devilment from the old haven! A bad house—a rotten bad house!"

"Yet I've a pressing desire to take a look at it," said Chester Kent, musingly.

"Going back to Annabla, Mr. Smith? I'll walk with you as far as the road to Mr. Sedgwick's."

"Freed of the veteran's company at the turn of the road, Kent cut down and took his way in hard to think."

"Mrs. Dorrance," he mused. "Marjorie Dorrance. What simpler twist for a handsome than to transform that into Marjorie Dow? Poor devil!"

At the Nook he found the object of his commiseration merrily arriving in place together, as it were, the shattered remnants of his work. Sedgwick, lighted at his friend's approach.

"For heaven's sake, come out and do me a couple of sets of tennis!" he begged. "I'm no sport for you, I know, particularly as my nerves are jumping. I need the work."

"Sorry, my boy," said Kent, "but I've got to make a move or lose public roll. People named Blair. Ever know one?"

"I don't know a Wilfrid Blair in particular," said the other indifferently.

"What kind of a person was he?"

"An aggressive enough little beast, but a rounder of the worst sort. Is he the man you're going to see?"

"No such luck," said Chester Kent. "I never expect to see Wilfrid Blair. Probably I shall even be invited to his funeral."

"Oh! to be dead?"

"His death is officially expected any day."

WHEN which words had slipped out and into his waiting ear.

After departing from the Nook, Kent's ear tickled along through the man's crowd, sedately, until it came to a halt at the wide bend, where he caught in a bit of pathfinding which the country, and eventually Kent, and the man of a vision of things and his. His arrival seemed and went

forward on horse. At the turn of the road he leaped a fence and made the stream group of willows beneath the earth was ridged with little which Professor Chester Kent was musing.

He was invading the untrodden dead.

It was the section of the graveyard that the willows a fair view was afforded of Sedgwick house. Grim as the old house given it, it presented the intruder an aspect of homely hospitable sweetness and quietude.

Tall bellflowers lifted their stems to smile in at the old-fashioned windows. Here and there on the well kept lawn peeped glowing, crimson and white. A great, clambering rose tree had thrown its arms around the square porch, softening the uncompromising angles into curves of ivy and bloom.

Along the paths gardeners and bloom, the sun, and magnolias scattered its scented summons to bee and butterfly.

The place was a loved place; no much Kent felt with assurance of instant. No home bloom except by love.

But the house was dead. In eyes were dimmed. Silence held it. The garden bloom and flickered with vivid multicolored life, but there was no stir from the habitation of man. Had its occupants deserted it?

From the far side of the mansion came the sound of a door opening and closing again. Moving quickly along the same fringed terrace of the creek, Kent made a dash which gave him view of a side entrance and had barely time to effect himself in the shrubbery when a light wagon, with a spotted horse between the shafts, turned briskly out into the road. Kent, who sheltered, caught one brief sufficient glimpse of the occupant. It was Dr. Sedgwick. The medical officer looked, no always, nerve bent, but there was a greedy smile on his lips.

Kent's mouth puckered. He took a deep breath of mental inspiration and entered it in painful recollection. Sitting himself amid the greenery as he saw a man emerge from the rear of Sedgwick house. The man was Gannett Jim. He carried a pick and a spade and walked slowly. Presently he disappeared in the willow claded place of mounds. The sound of his fall came, muffled, to the ears of the old Kent.

Curiously Kent worked his way, now in the stream, now through the heavy growth on the banks, until he gained the roadway. Once there he went forward to the front gate of Sedgwick house. Kent passed for the second moment. His gaze rested on the heavy black door. Heavier and blacker against the woodwork a pen dark waved languidly.

To the normal human being the grisly insignificance of death over a portal is preventive of anything rather than death. But Chester Kent, viewing the house on Sedgwick's house, laughed and returned to the open road.

Meditation followed the brow of Lawyer Adam Blair. "Nobody versus Sedgwick," grumbled he. "Public opinion versus Sedgwick," he amended.

"How's a self-respecting lawyer going to win a fee out of that? And let Sedgwick standing over the grave of the corpse deluged with a warrant against searching, so to speak, in his house? For that matter, this Professor Kent worries me more than the other."

A sharp humming rose in the air and brought the idle counselor to his window, whence he beheld the prime author of his bewilderment descending from a car. A minute later the two men were sitting with their feet on one desk, a fairly good sign of mental respect and confidence.

"Blair?" said Lawyer Blair. "No, I don't know him, not even to see. Took his haven, didn't he?"

"Then he doesn't use this postoffice?"

"No. Might use any one of half a dozen. See here," he drew a county map from a shelf. "Here's the place. Seven railroad stations on three different roads within ten miles of it. Annabla would be way out of his reach."

"Yet Gannett Jim seems to be known here."

"Oh, is it Blair that the Indian works for? I never knew. Chester's a deaf mute with lack-lack, he is. Well, I suspect the reason he comes here occasionally is that it's the nearest home town."

"Is the poor fellow when he wants a drink, walk ten miles as easy as you'd think?"

"Do you know most of the postoffice around here?"

"There isn't but one postmaster within twenty miles that I don't call by his first name, and she's a postmistress."

"Then you could probably find out by telephone where the Blair family get their mail?"

"Easy."

"And perhaps what newspaper they like?"

"I'll try. Yes, I guess—"

"Try it as soon as you get back."

"Back from where?"

"Back from the medical officer's place. I think he must have returned in time."

"On want to see Tim Broad?"

"Just his records. Rural papers, I suppose, are a matter of public."

"All right. All you've got to do is to go ask for 'em. You won't need me, I'm sure, as to his last taste is."

Kent with a certain face, "I fear Dr. Broad doesn't regard me with confidence and esteem which one of us is disappointed."

"I've want me as an understudy."

"I'm the lawyer. All right, the Jane Doe part's yours after."

"All right."

"I've Don. They buried the corpse in Lonsome Cove under that tomb. Called dead, you know."

CHAPTER XII. Lonsome Cove

TOGETHER they went to the medical officer's quarters. Dr. Broad had come in fifteen minutes before. Without preliminary Lawyer Blair said:

"I want to see that Jane Doe certificate again."

"Aren't you afraid of women?" out the job on it. Adam?" retorted the other, with a furtive grin.

"And I," said Chester Kent in his sweetest manner, "pretend to trouble you to show me the certificate to the case of Wilfrid Blair."

Something like a spasm about the movements of Dr. Broad's finger from Blair's hand. "How did you know?" he repeated. "How did you know?" he stopped short.

"How did I know that Wilfrid Blair is dead?" Kent asked for him. "Why, there has been time enough, hasn't there?"

The physician's hands claved nervously at his straggling hair.

"Time enough?" he murmured. "Time enough? I'm only just back from the Blair place myself."

"Ah," commented Kent negligently. "Then he died within two hours or so?"

"This morning," retorted the other. "It's all in the certificate."

"Ah!" inquired Kent, so significantly that Lawyer Blair gave him a quick look.

"All that's your business or anybody else's," said Broad, recovering himself a bit.

"Doubtless. And I'm to be permitted to see this document?"

Broad pushed a paper across the table. "There it is. I just finished making it out."

"I see," said Kent, giving the paper a cursory survey. "That the cause of death is not down as 'cardiac failure'?"

"Well, what's the matter with that? You see, we all die of cardiac failure."

CHAPTER XIII.
The Aid of the Stars

THEY left the older grinning at his door and went to look up Dimmock, the rummage man.

But he was wholly unable to throw any light on the former owner of the reports in which the drawing had been tucked away. There the investigation seemed to be up against a blank wall.

"Isn't it astounding?" said Sedgwick. "Here's a portrait antedating 1800 of a woman who has just died, young. What was the woman I saw—a servant in the back?"

"If you ask me," said Kent slowly, "I should say, rather, an imitation."

"Further he would not say, but insisted on returning to the Nook. As they arrived the telephone bell was ringing with the weary persistence of the long unanswered. To Kent's gaze Lawyer Blair's voice announced:

"I've been trying to get you for an hour."

"Sorry," said Kent. "Is it about the newspaper?"

"Yes," said the lawyer. "I've got the information." And he stated that four newspapers went regularly to Sedgwick house—the New York Star and Messenger and the Boston Herald and the Boston Globe.

Sedgwick set the Elliott sketch beside the copy and compared them for a time. Then he fell to wondering decidedly about the studio. Suddenly he turned, walked over to his friend and laid a hand on his shoulder.

"Kent, for the love of heaven, can't you do something for me?"

"You mean about the girl?"

Sedgwick nodded. "I can't get my mind to stay on anything else. Even this infernal puzzle of the pictures doesn't interest me for more than the minute. The longing for her is eating the heart out of me."

"My dear Frank," said the other quietly, "if there were anything I could do, don't you think I'd be doing it? It's a very dark tangle."

"If there were only something to do," fretted the artist. "It's this damned inaction that is getting my nerve."

"If that's all," returned Kent slowly, "I'll give you something to do. And I fancy," he added grimly, "it will be sufficiently absorbing to take your mind from your troubles for a time at least."

"Bring it on. I'm ready."

"All in good time. Meantime I am seriously thinking, my dear young friend," said Kent solemnly, "of consulting an astrologer."

"You're crazy!" retorted Sedgwick.

"I wish I were for a few hours," said Kent, with entire seriousness. "It might help."

"Well, that's where I'll be if you don't find something for me to do soon. So come on and materialize this promised activity."

"If you regard a trip to the Martindale Public Library as activity I can furnish that much excitement."

"What are you going to do there?"

"Consult the files of the newspapers and pick out a likely class advertisement from the advertisements."

"That has a mild nutty flavor, but it doesn't excite my profound emotion to me except concern for your sanity."

"You're said that before," retorted Kent. "I never, I'm not sure I shall take you with me anyway."

"Then that isn't too coming advertisement?"

"No; nothing so mild and innocuous."

"Are you asking me to run some danger? Is it to see her?" said Sedgwick eagerly.

"Leave her out of it," said Kent.

There is no question, however, now. There's an enterprise a forward which, if it fails, means the utter damning of reputation. What do you say?"

"What's the inducement?"

"The probable clearing up of the case work on. When I come to look at it I may find that one man could do it alone. But—"

"Well, you're going into it, are you?"

(To be continued.)

ad himself in front of the drawing board, upon which had been fixed, by means of thumb tacks, a square of rather soft white paper, exhibiting evidence of having been crumpled up and subsequently smoothed out. On the paper was a three-quarter drawing of a woman's head, the delicate face beneath waves of short curly hair, turned a little from the left shoulder, which was barely indicated. Setting his useful monocle in his eye, Kent examined the work carefully.

"I should take it," he pronounced at length, "to be a sort of a second hand attempt at a portrait."

"You recognize it, though?"

"It bears a resemblance to the face of the corpse at Lonsome Cove. Where did that precious work of art come from?"

"Heaven knows! Ching Lang found the sketch lying on the doorstep with a cobblestone holding it down."

"It isn't a sketch."

"What would you call it, then?"

"A copy. If you had used your eyes on it instead of your tongue, you might have seen at once that it is a tracing. Look for yourself, now."

Taking the magnifying monocle that Kent held out, the artist scrutinized the lines of the picture.

"By Jove! You're right," said he. "It's been transferred through tracing paper and touched up afterward. Rather roughly too. You can see where the copyist has borne down too hard on the lead."

"What's your opinion of the likeness—of it is the likeness which you suppose?" inquired Kent.

"Why, as I remember the woman this picture is a good deal idealized. The hair and the eyes are much the same. But the lines of the face in the picture are finer. The chin and mouth are more delicate, and the whole effect softer and of a higher type."

"Do you see anything strange about the neck on the left side?"

"Belly drawn; that's all."

"Just below the ear there is a sort of blankness, isn't there?"

"Why, yes. It seems a viciously unfinished part there."

"If you were touching it up how would you correct that?"

"With a slight shading just there where the neck muscle should be thrown up a bit by the turn of the head."

"Or by introducing a large pendant carrying which the center has left out?"

"Kent, you're a wonder! That would do it exactly. But why in the name of all that's marvelous should the tracer of this drawing leave out the ear-ring?"

"Obviously to keep the picture as near life as possible to the body on the back."

"Then you don't think it is the woman of the back?"

"No; I don't."

"Who else could it possibly be?"

"Perhaps we can but find that out by discovering who left the drawing here."

"That looks like something of a job."

"Not very formidable, I think. Suppose we run up to the village and ask the local policeman who has bought any tracing paper there within a day or two."

As the demand for tracing paper in Martindale Center was small, the village upon being called on had no difficulty in recalling that Elder Dennett had been in that afternoon and made such a purchase.

"Something after I left him," said Kent to Sedgwick, "for he never could have kept his secret if he'd had it then."

"But what motive could he have?" asked the artist.

"Just mischief probably. That's enough motive for his sort." Turning to the clockmaker, Kent added, "Do you happen to know how Mr. Dennett spent the early part of this afternoon?"

"I surely do. He was up to Dimmock's rummage auction, and he got something there that looked like a feather. But he wouldn't let on what it was."

"The original?" said Sedgwick.

"What does Dimmock deal in?"

"All kinds of odds and ends. He scrapes the country for bankrupt sales and has a big auction once a year. Everybody goes. You can find anything from a plover handle to a second hand marriage certificate at his place."

"We now call on Elder Dennett," said Kent.

That worthy was about closing up shop when they entered.

"Don't your lamp work right yet, Professor Kent?" he inquired.

"We have come to see you on another matter, Mr. Sedgwick and I."

"First let me thank you," said Sedgwick, "for the curious work of art you left at my place."

"May-as?" inquired the other, with a rising infection.

"Don't take the trouble to lie about it," put

Jas. Crawford
Confectioner
Manufacturer of Wedding Cakes
Ice Cream and Fine Candy
Weddings, Receptions, At Homes on
Entertainments Served
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34 N. W. HAMILTON

DATES OF FALL FAIRS, 1914

Issued by the Agricultural Societies
Branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto,
J. Leslie Wilson, Superintendent.

Aberfoyle.....	Oct. 1
Abingdon.....	Oct. 11 & 12
Acton.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Agincourt (Hearns).....	Sept. 24 & 25
Alfred.....	Sept. 24
Alliston.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Alvinston.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Amherstburg.....	Sept. 30 & Oct. 1
Ancester.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Arthur.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Ashworth.....	Sept. 27
Aylmer.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Bancroft.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Bayville.....	Oct. 3
Beachburg.....	Sept. 23-25
Benton.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Birmingham.....	Oct. 7 & 8
Blackstock.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Blenheim.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Blyth.....	Sept. 23 & 24
Buckingham.....	Sept. 23 & 24
Burlington.....	Sept. 20 & Oct. 1
Bradford.....	Oct. 10 & 11
Bracebridge.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Brantford.....	Oct. 1
Brantley.....	Oct. 3
Brace Mines.....	Sept. 25
Burk's Falls.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Burford.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Burlington.....	Thanksgiving Day
Calabrook.....	Sept. 27 & 28
Caledonia.....	Oct. 10 & 11
Campbellford.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Carp.....	Oct. 24 & 25
Castleton.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Cayuga.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Cobden.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Cobourg.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Cochran.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Coldwater.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Comber.....	Sept. 27 & 28
Cookstown.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Cookville.....	Oct. 3
Courland.....	Oct. 3
Damascusville.....	Sept. 25
Dorchester Station.....	Oct. 2
Drayton.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Dresden.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Drumbo.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Dryden.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Dunbar.....	Oct. 4
Dundalk.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Dundas.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Durham.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Elmhurst.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Elmro.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Emmendale.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Ennisville.....	Oct. 9 & 10
Fairground.....	Oct. 1
Fenwick.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Fergus.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Fewerham.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Flesherton.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Florence.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Fordwich.....	Oct. 8
Forest.....	Sept. 26 & 27
For Erie.....	Sept. 25 & 26
Freelton.....	Thanksgiving Day
Galesburg.....	Sept. 23 & 24
Georgetown.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Glencoe.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Goderich.....	Sept. 25-27
Goderich.....	Sept. 25-27
Goderich.....	Sept. 25-27
Goderich.....	Sept. 25-27
Gordon Lake.....	Sept. 27
Gore Bay.....	Oct. 2 & 3
Halliburton.....	Sept. 26
Hanover.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Harrison.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Harrow.....	Oct. 8 & 9
Hillgate.....	Oct. 11 & 12
Holstein.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Huntsville.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Hymers.....	Sept. 24
Ingersoll.....	Sept. 26 & Oct. 1
Iron Bridge.....	Oct. 3
Jarvis.....	Oct. 3
Kagawong.....	Oct. 4
Kemble.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Kewee.....	Oct. 3
Kilguth.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Kilguth.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Kirkton.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Lakeside.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Lambeth.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Langton.....	Oct. 24
Leamington.....	Oct. 24
Lion's Head.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Maberly.....	Sept. 23
Madoc.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Magnetawan.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Manitowaning.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Markdale.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Markham.....	Oct. 3-5
Marmora.....	Oct. 1
Massy.....	Oct. 2 & 3
McNesson.....	Sept. 24 & 25
McLawa.....	Sept. 25 & 26
Maxville.....	Sept. 26 & 27
McDonald's Corners.....	Sept. 27
McNair.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Middleton.....	Oct. 4
Millbrook.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Millbrook.....	Oct. 3 & 4
Millerton.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Minden.....	Sept. 24
Mount Dryden.....	Oct. 4
Munster.....	Sept. 26
Murillo.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Newington.....	Sept. 24 & 25
New Liskeard.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Newmarket.....	Sept. 25-27
Niagara-on-the-Lake.....	Sept. 25 & 27
Norwich.....	Sept. 24 & 25
Norwood.....	Oct. 1 & 2
Odessa.....	Oct. 4
Oriskany.....	Oct. 2-4
Orono.....	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
Orrville.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Orrville.....	Sept. 26 & 27
Paisley.....	Sept. 24 & 25

Berlin Pastors Still Blind

ON the occasion of the four hundredth anniversary of the reformation, the prominent Protestant clergymen of Berlin issued a declaration, "in answer to manifest demonstrations of a similar character which have reached us from neutral countries." Its appearance in America was delayed, and it has received but slight attention, except among those who read into its meanings which are not on the surface. This is the document:

"We German Protestants, conscious of the Christian heritage, and Christian ties which we hold in common with them, extend to all fellow believers, to those in enemy countries also, our heartfelt and brotherly greeting.

"We recognize the deepest cause of the present war to lie in the anti-Christian powers which control the lives of the people of the earth, their mutual suspicion, their covetousness, and we behold in a peace by mutual agreement and reconciliation a peace that is worth striving for.

"We find the obstacles to an honest and clear approach of the nations to be mainly the unbelly way of lies and phrases by which the truth is distorted and silence and also opinions gain currency, and we call on all, in all lands, who desire peace to resolutely combat this evil.

"We feel it a duty, in view of the present frightful war, in the name of our common Christianity, to strive henceforth with determination that war as a means of settling differences between peoples shall disappear from the earth.

"Dr. K. Auer, W. Miltach-Grahn, O. Pless, Dr. F. Rittelmeyer, R. W. Landt."

The closing paragraph, with its frank repudiation of militarism and war, is a welcome note, coming from such a source, though out of chord with the chorus of hate and glorification of arms which has drowned the German pulpit since August, 1914.

Apart from this sign of Christianized spirit, the declaration is disappointing. The second paragraph attributes the causes of the war, to "wickedness of force, and covetousness" on the part of "the people of the earth." That is the naked truth as regards Germany's attack upon the peace of the world, but it is stark nonsense as regards Canada's participation in the struggle. The "peace by mutual agreement" which they think is worth striving for, is not a safe peace for humanity, so long as it leaves the Central Powers under the leadership which has proved itself a menace to the world.

The third paragraph finds the obstacles to peace to be mainly "the unbelly way of lies," and calls on "all lands who desire peace to resolutely combat this evil." This sentiment shows that the truth is making its headway in Berlin. Otherwise those pastors would know that it is not lies but stern and hateful facts that are the chief obstacle to a negotiated peace.

This declaration of the Berlin pastors has been hailed in pacifist circles as an evidence that "the morning light is breaking." We cannot believe it, until the darkness disappears enough to make visible some sign of "potential peace." We do not find such light here, except for the lonely beam that shines out of the final sentence, like a good deed in a naughty world.

Let no one be amazed at the attitude of the Prussian clergy toward the policies of their government. Even in free Canada, where public opinion has been the only law, it is hard enough to maintain an independent pulpit. But the German Government leaves no room for private judgment. Pastors of the Established Church of Prussia must take this solemn obligation upon being admitted to the ministry:

"I will be submissive, faithful, and obedient to his Royal Majesty, and his lawful successors in the Government, as my most gracious King and Sovereign; promote his welfare according to my ability; prevent injury and detriment to him; and particularly endeavor carefully to cultivate in the minds of the people under my care, a sense of reverence and fidelity toward the King, love for the Fatherland, obedience to its laws, and all those virtues which in a Christian denote a good citizen; and I will not suffer any man to teach or act in a contrary spirit. In particular, I vow that I will not support any society or association, either at home or abroad, which might endanger the public security, and will inform his Majesty of any proposals made, either in my life or elsewhere, which might prove injurious to the state. I will preach the Word as his Gracious Majesty directs."

What right or leadership can be expected from a ministry that must submit its soul to such groins as these.

Reflections at Fort.
Age teaches many things, by line.
'Tis just for me.
And every now and then I think I'm getting home.

One Way.
'Tis in the Rags-and-Rags Contest I don't see how a man makes a living in such a desolate place.
'Well, there's nothing everywhere, I tried."

Boy's Idea.
Recruiting Officer—But what would a boy like you do in the army.
Lad—Don't you need a cad? I'll carry the sword and things?—Glad to be used.

Auto Drivers Are Not PM.
New York Secretary of State Page claims that 938 out of every 939 would-be auto drivers are not PM to operate cars.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

The Independent has been notified by the Canada Food Board at Ottawa that all purveyors of food publishing advertisements in this newspaper must insert the number of their license in each advertisement as follows:

"Canada Food Board—License No. —"
These under license asked to advertising and retail, manufacturers of breakfast foods and cereals, millers, retail butchers, fish dealers, etc. (wholesale and retail), grocers (wholesale and retail), bakers (wholesale and retail), canners and packers.

The food board currently requests the fullest co-operation of those interested in the observation of this regulation.

Eat less Bread

CAN ALL YOU CAN, BUT SAVE THE SUGAR

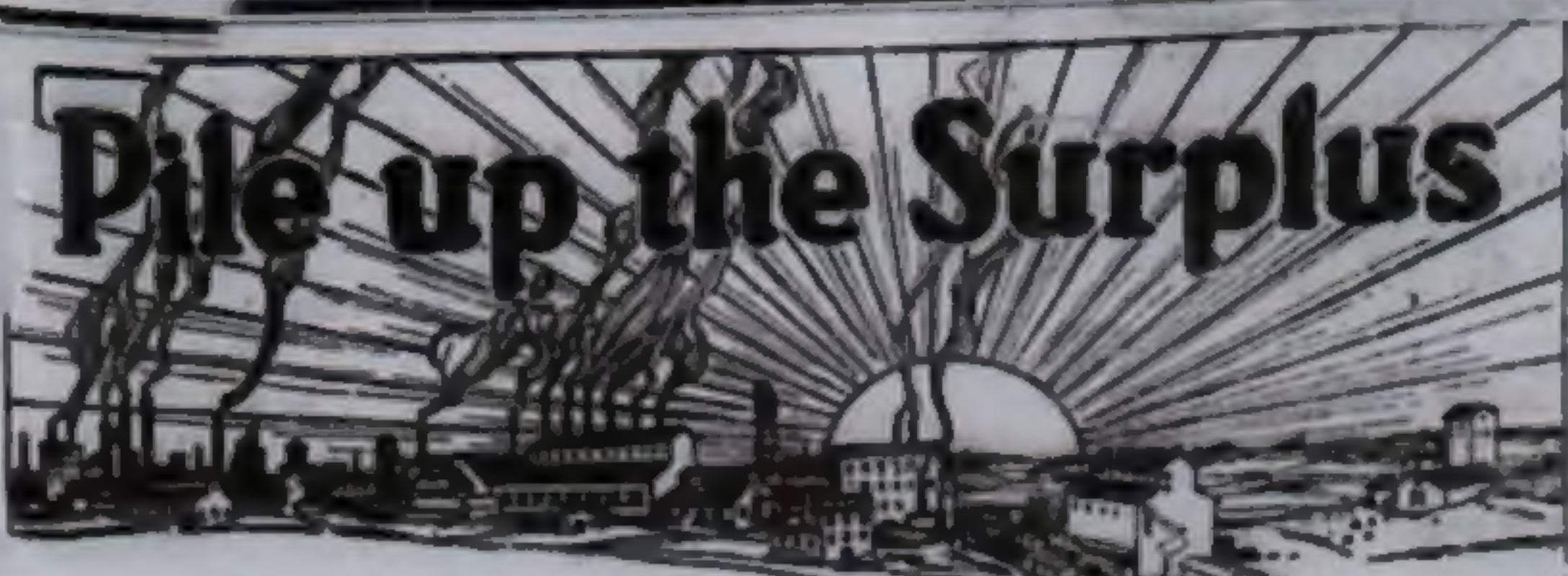
It is important that fruit and vegetables produced this year be canned or dried, as stored in the greatest quantities possible, but it is also necessary to conserve sugar. With economy in the use of sugar the Canada Food Board is confident there will be enough for jam-making and preserving. For currant jelly use three pounds of sugar; for apple jam, four pounds of currant jelly; for plum jam, eight pounds of plums to six pounds of sugar; for black currant jam, one pound of currants to three quarters of a pound of sugar; for spiced pears, seven pounds of hard pears to four pounds of sugar.

HEAVY CUTS ON HIGH PRICES

Heavy cattle and high prices bring large returns, but light cattle and cuts in price destroy profits. A pays to pasture cattle when the season has been fair, with good rains and good pasture during the last half of September and October. A little effort put forth now will make possible profits on an additional 100 pounds per head, and secure a better price for the cattle as well. The Canada Food Board and the British Purchasing Commission state that the best situation in the Allied countries makes it important to encourage sending unfished cattle to slaughter.

PAID UP LIST

Mrs. M. Pettit, Grimsby, July 1, '13
Mrs. Morris, Reading, England, Aug. 1, '13
David Fisher, Grimsby, Oct. 1, '13
L. A. Wade, Grimsby, Dec. 31, '13
Andrew Awaysie, Grimsby, Dec. 31, '13
Arthur Williamson, Grimsby, Dec. 31, '13
Rev. J. A. McLachlan, Grimsby, July 1, '13



Pile up the Surplus

To win this war every ounce of the strength of each of the allied nations must be put forth to meet the organized, trained and disciplined efficiency of the Central Powers—that gigantic, ruthless force which is the result of fifty years of planning and preparation.

And every ounce of every allied nation's strength is in the hands and brains and hearts of the individuals of each nation, because they are free peoples.

Now the individuals of each nation must live as well as fight, therefore a proportion of the effort and material of each nation must be diverted from war purposes to living necessities.

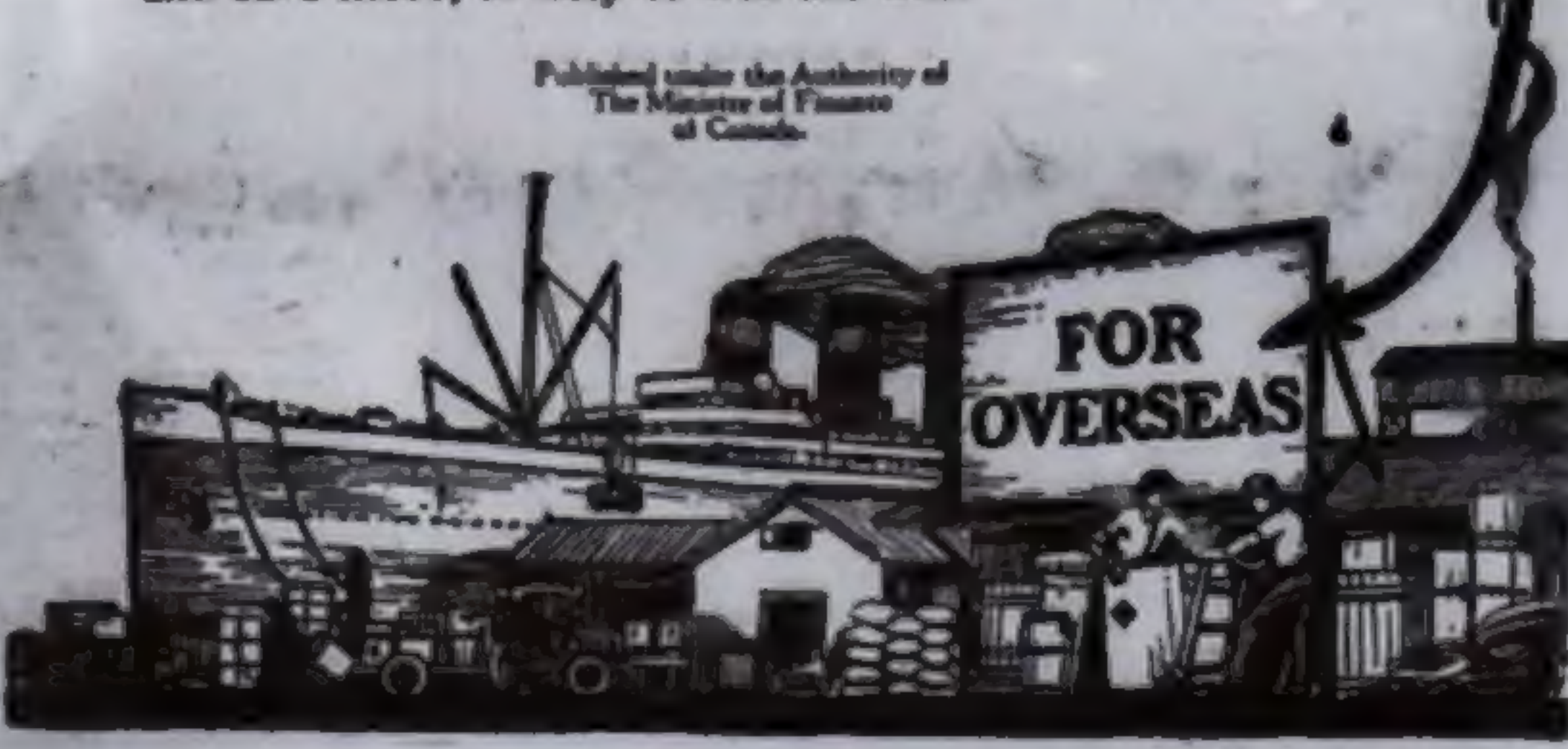
So the less each individual takes for himself or herself for personal use the more effort will there be left for fighting and winning the war.

Every cent you spend represents that much effort because somebody must do something for you in order to earn that cent—somebody's effort must be given to you instead of to the war.

Therefore the less you spend—the less of somebody's effort you take for your individual use—the more will you leave in the national surplus for war effort.

The war can be won only by the surplus strength of the allied nations. The money each individual saves represents that surplus strength.

So the truly loyal Canadian will use less, spend less, and save more, to help to win the war.



OIL! OIL! OIL! THE BURNING QUESTION

Bright Clear Light—No Smoke or Odor

Use Nalgene Light Oil

Our satisfied customers are our best Ads.

Our trial will convince you.

Oil Stoves

CLARK JEWEL FAN-FUNCTION, FLORENCE AUTOMATIC, DANIEL

Our line is the most complete. Order now.

5 Gallons \$1.40
40 Gallons \$10.00
Steel Drum \$8.50

Interchangeable when empty

For Sale By

WRAV'S Hardware

Phone 130 GRIMSBY, ONT.

SMOKE TACKETTS T&B CUT

THE CANADA FOOD BOARD AND THE APPLE CROP

A few weeks ago the Canada Food Board issued a circular warning buyers of potatoes and apples against speculating in these commodities.

There result of this circular was to make apple buyers go very easy on their buying, and the consequences was that the growers became very anxious as to the disposition of their crops.

Feeling that there was a deception on the part of the apple buyers, Mr. Jas. A. Livingston, who is heavily interested in apple growing, wrote to the Chairman of the Canada Food Board drawing his attention to the fact that their circular had had the effect of making the apple buyers hold back and show reluctance in purchasing, and in offering a price, for the buyers seemed to be uncertain as to what action the Food Board might take. Mr. Livingston also wrote to Mr. J. R. Hastings along the same lines.

On Saturday evening, September 14th, Mr. Hastings, accompanied by Mr. Thompson, Chairman, and Mr. Todd, Secretary, of the Canada Food Board, called at the INDEPENDENT Office and had an interview with Mr. Livingston. Both the Chairman and the Secretary stated that the Board had no intention of, in any way, interfering with the ordinary channels of the apple trade, and did not think that their circular should have any effect on the apple buyers other than what was intended, which was simply to warn them against speculation.

Mr. Livingston as of the opinion that the circular had a great deal to do with slowing up the buyers in getting out through the country to purchase apples.

The Chairman of the Canada Food Board, however, claimed that the Board had no wish to interfere with the legitimate apple buyers or dealers. They were only after the illegitimate, or speculative buyers.

Following the interview on Saturday evening, Mr. Livingston received a letter from the Canada Food Board, which is published, herewith. It will be noted that in one paragraph of this letter it is pointed out that the apple crop is estimated at not over forty per cent, and that this being the case, apple growers should realize a fair return for their work and expenditure on their apple orchards for 1915.

It will also be noted that this letter is made by Mr. Hugh Bartram, formerly of Vinemount, and as Mr. Bartram is, himself, a farmer and apple-grower, the apple-growers and fruit growers of this District may depend upon it that they have a friend at Ottawa in Mr. Bartram, and that he will do everything in his power to bring matters before the attention of the Board which will redound to the benefit of the fruit growers.

Canada Food Board, Ottawa.

September 14, 1916.

Mr. Jas. A. Livingston,
Grimsby, Ont.
Re Sale and Distribution of Apple Crop.

Dear Sir:—

We are in receipt of your esteemed favours of September 9th and 10th, and have carefully noted same.

We are well aware of the difficulties under which the apple growers have labored during the past four seasons, having in mind that and the wastage and consequent loss in Nova Scotia apples last season owing largely to the price being forced to a point beyond which the consumer would pay. We issued this circular with the object in view of protecting the apple industry and the consuming public from such speculation. As you probably know the conditions you complain of today are to a certain extent attributable to the losses sustained last year through the above mentioned causes.

If you will refer to the enclosed circular letter of August 2nd, you will not that, "It is not the intention of this Board to unnecessary interfere with the regular channels of trade in any way, unless to check speculation." This would seem to be quite clear and in the best interests of growers, apple dealers and consumers alike.

The Board has not under advisement anything further regarding apples than what is contained in this circular, believing that the experience of last year will serve as a check on any who might be tempted to speculate with a crop estimated at not over forty per cent. The growers should realize at least a fair return for their energy and labour, during the season while, at the same time the price would be such that it would encourage consumption instead of having the opposite effect as was the case in 1917 and 1915.

The labor conditions are so acute at the present time, that many apple buyers who in former years bought and packed their own apples are today trying to buy them packed. P. O. B. This may account, to some extent for fewer dealers buying apples in the orchard. Only today, we had a call from a buyer who had contracted for several thousands of barrels, packed at a price that should not the grower a fair profit. We believe many of the dealers are open to buy apples, so you should not experience any difficulty in disposing of your crop. If we can give you any further information we will be only too glad to do so.

Yours truly,
CANADA FOOD BOARD
Hugh Bartram,
In Charge of Fruit and Vegetable Section.

The Circular

The following is the Circular referred to:—
Canada Food Board, Ottawa.
August 2, 1915.

Re Distribution of Apple and Potato Crop.

With reference to the sale and distribution in Canada of the 1915 apple crop and potato crop, it is impossible at this early date to state what, if any action on the part of the Canada Food Board will be necessary in order to obtain the most satisfactory distribution of these crops.

It is not the intention of this Board to unnecessarily interfere with the regular channels of trade in any way except to check speculation and will not hesitate to do so if conditions should warrant that some action be taken.

In negotiating for the purchase or sale of apples, potatoes or other roots, due consideration should be given to the possibilities of some action by this Board.

Yours faithfully,
CANADA FOOD BOARD.
Henry D. Thompson,
Chairman.

VINEMOUNT

The old saying, "The early bird catches the worm" has changed to "The early riser gets the mushrooms." The Daylight Saving Bill has nothing on the unprecedented mushroom crop for getting the rural rascals up early in the morning, as people are seen prowling around before daylight these days, who haven't seen a sun rise for years. The unwritten law used to be that those who were energetic enough to get up early got the mushrooms, but the written law is now to be seen on the outside of all the fields in this vicinity where the edible fungus is likely to be found, namely, trespassing forbidden. It would be a good idea to illuminate those signs as the up-to-date hunter operates before daylight. Another suggestion would be to place listening posts here and there around the fields and have two or three batteries firing illuminating shells at intervals between sunrise and daylight to prevent raids, of course there was always the danger of the mushroom hunter tunneling under the field and capturing Mr. Mushroom before he got out of the trench. One of our local epicures accompanied by three young ladies made a raid early one morning. They had made a large number of captures when the enemy appeared and forced them to retreat although they held their prisoners. To those who are likely to be called up for Military Service there is one better training than mushroom hunting around Vinemount. Those who can make a raid and gain their objective without being captured are quite capable of being sent after the Hun. As the mushroom is a crop that costs nothing and can be eaten without sugar it is naturally much sought after.

HE GUESSED WHO?

I wonder how the halberd feels when her cousin the foolish spins he made a year ago? He laughed to scorn this country's might he wouldn't walk the floor at night for such a phantom foe. We had no perfect war machine; our boys would all be raw and green, too awkward for a scrap; his well drilled men would think it fun to chivy them with sword and gun and push them off the map. And even if we formed a host, according to our little host, how would we cross the sea? His submarines would lie in wait and send us diving to our fate, down where the mermaids be. "My aunt!" the halberd cried, "my word! Americans are too absurd! I cannot help but scoff! Just let them butt into the fray and I will show them right away, just where they will get off!" Our soldier boys are over there; they wave Old Glory in the air; they cannot be denied; and every time they see a Hun they make him drop his tools and run and hunt a place to hide. I wonder what the halberd thinks when he beholds his well drilled ginks before the Yankees fall? I wonder how the halberd feels when his brave soldiers show their heels and hike for timber till?

WALT MASON.

Sale Dates

Sept. 14th.—Julius Miller, one mile east of Fulten on the Buckhorn Road, will offer all his farm stock and implements at one p. m., new time. Eleven months credit. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

Sept. 15th.—William Goldberg, one and one-half miles east of Bowmanville, on the Horrold Farm, will offer all his farm stock and implements at one p. m., new time. Nine months credit on sums over \$15. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

Wednesday, October 2, 1916.—Mr. William Campbell, one mile east of Tapscott, in the Township of Saltfleet, will offer at his farm stock and implements for public auction, as he is moving away, leaving his farm. Terms \$10 and under cash. Twelve months credit over that amount. Five per cent. off on sums over \$50. Jas. A. Livingston, Auctioneer.

DISCOVERIES MADE BY THE UNITED STATES IN RUSSIA

Lening, Trotsky and associates sold Russia to the German Government for \$25,000,000. Germany's plans for war of world conquest perfected long before assassination at Sarajevo furnished the excuse.

More than two years before the United States entered the war, Germany launched plans for conquest in America. Anarchists and escaped criminals to be the destructive agents.

Order of HIRING and execution, known as Bolshevik Revolution.

WISE BUYERS
WILL MAKE
THEIR SELECTION
OF FALL
MERCHANDISE
EARLY
'NUTS

K. M. STEPHEN

Grimsby's Popular Priced Store

Headquarters
FOR MEN'S
WOMEN'S AND
CHILDREN'S SHOES
AND RUBBERS

Underwear

Men's Flannel lined shirts and drawers, first quality, good weight, while the old stock lasts.....\$1.50

Men's elastic ribbed, all wool shirts, sizes 34 and 36, beautiful line goods, worth twice the money.....\$1.50

Ladies' medium weight vests and drawers, white or natural.....50c

Ladies' heavy ribbed vests and drawers white or natural.....75c

Ladies' fine wool vests and drawers, white or natural.....60c

Ladies' combinations in white or navy.....\$1.20 and \$1.50

TURNBULL'S UNDERWEAR FOR CHILDREN

Natural vests and drawers, all sizes.....50c to 75c

Union Vests and drawers, all sizes white or natural.....50c to 60c

Wool vests and drawers, natural only, all sizes.....\$1.00 to \$1.50

Black wool drawers, only.....75c to \$1.00

Millinery



The beauty in color, line and fabric of our new fall hats is holding the interest of the many who visit this department.

The small ones had become a favorite, but larger shapes are also to be found and all tastes should be satisfied.

Flowers are being shown in charming color effects, with rich velvets and furs, and jets in many lovely styles of ornaments.

Ladies and Children's Coats



Black velvet coat with Luxe Hare collar, fancy satin lining, a beautiful garment.....\$15.00

Black pony coats, extra quality and finish.....\$15.00

Coats made from heavy diagonal cloth in black, brown and wine.....\$15.00

Coats made from heavy wool velvet, black, navy, burgundy and nigger brown.....\$15.00

Blanket cloth coats in grey and brown.....\$15.00

A few last seasons coats left, which will be cleared at \$10.00 each, regardless of cost.

Considering the way the market is and the scarcity of cloth, these are wonderful values.

Children's Coats

Carded velvet in navy, sizes 3 to 9, \$1.50 to \$2.50. These coats are lined and are heavy and warm.

Children's coats of bear cloth and chinchilla, sizes 3 to 6.....\$2.00 up

Clothing

Men's worsted and serge, upland goods and made in a way that will attract the most fastidious.....\$10.00

HOMERLIN made to measure suits, black navy and grey serge, \$10.00 up. Trenches and workshirts \$10.00 up. These are worth looking into, the cloth, fit and workmanship being guaranteed.

Boys' two piece suits, up-to-date models and reliable cloth the kind that is difficult to get. Prices, \$5.00 up.

RAINCOATS

Men's Paramatta raincoats, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$14.00.

Men's tweed raincoats, with and without belts, up-to-the minute styles, \$12.00 to \$15.00. See these if you are at all interested in stylish garments.

Ladies' poplin raincoats in navy and brown.....\$10.00

Ladies' double breasted Trench coats made from Al. raincoat cloth.....\$12.00

Shoes



Ladies' brown high cut boots in dangle and calf, Nottin or leather color, good variety of heels and lasts.....\$12.00 to \$15.00

Ladies' high cut dangle and calf metal shoes, high or low heels \$12.00 to \$15.00.

Ladies' simple and fine shoes, regular height, button and lace, dangle, patent and gamett.....\$10.00 up

Children's school shoes, all styles and sizes and prices.

Men's brown shoes, Nottin sole, first quality material.....\$12.00

Men's high grade gamett shoes with white Nottin soles.....\$12.00

Men's cushion sole shoes, best quality gamett, attractive style.....\$12.00

Men's heavy work shoes, Monomite grain and Elk leather. The best the market affords, at.....\$12.00

Boys' shoes for work, for school, for fun. We have them, and are not afraid of any competition.

Put Running Water in Your Home

Put running water right in the kitchen, the bath room, the laundry, the barn—any place you want it—and cut out that hard work of carrying water and the trouble of fueling with fire-pumps.

Call and let us show you how you can secure at reasonable expense, even a better water supply than is enjoyed by your city friends.

PEERLESS Water Systems

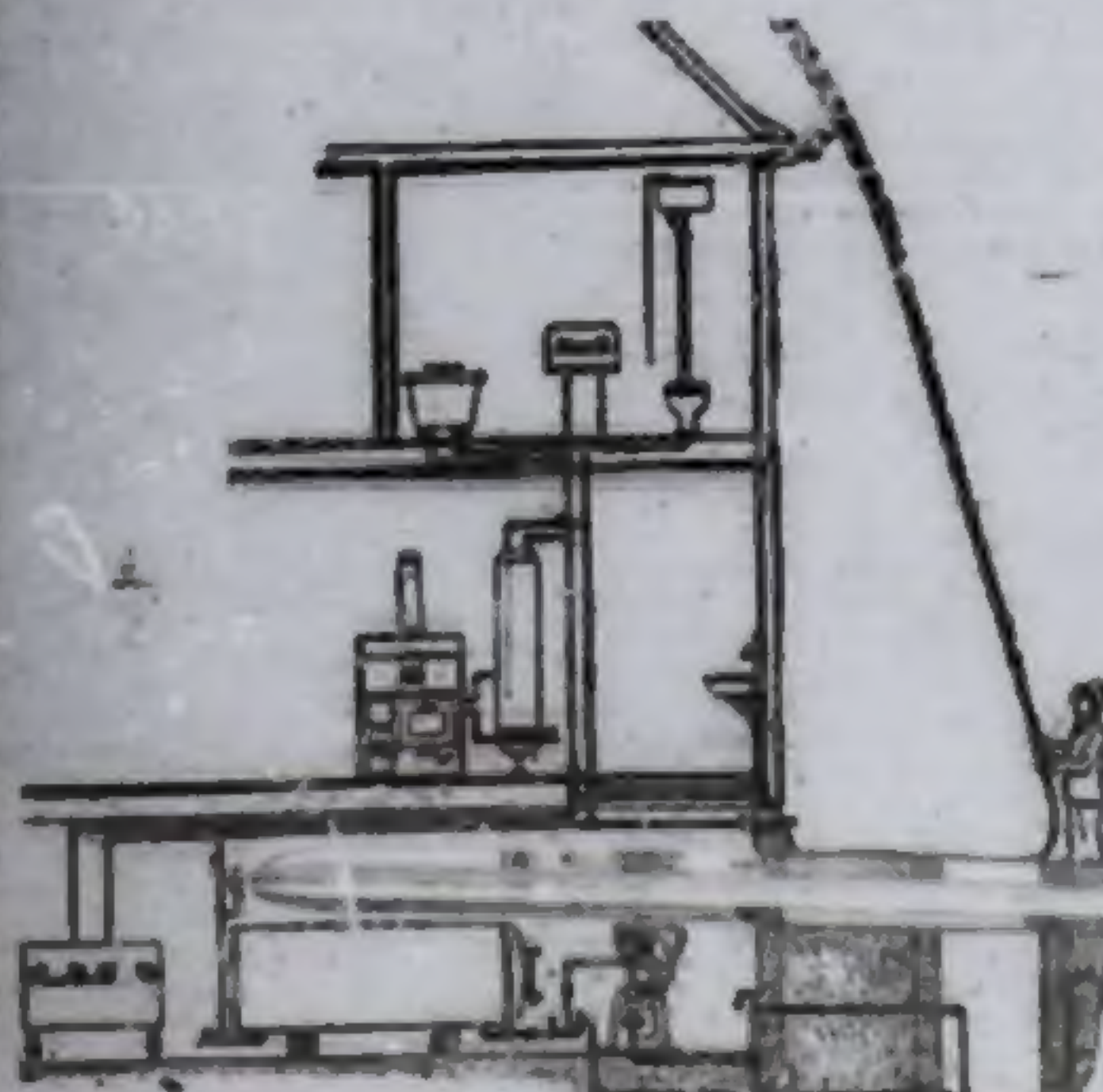
Give you fresh, running water every hour of the day or night. They work automatically. They maintain even pressure at the faucets. They require no storage tank in the attic.

We do not sell Peerless Systems direct—you can have one installed by your plumber. But we do want you to call at our display rooms and let us show you this system in actual operation.

There's a "Peerless" System—hand it over to your plumber.

Standard Sanitary Mfg. Co., Limited

20-28 Jackson St. West
HAMILTON, - ONTARIO



Sectional view of Residence fitted with Peerless Pneumatic System, which may be operated by either hand or power.

arranged by German general staff. Great-Litovsk "peace" conference was stage-setting for Russia's betrayal.

German staff officers secretly directed all Bolshevik policies, foreign domestic and economic.

German officers spied on Bolsheviks allied or friendly to Russia. Picked German general detailed to "defend" Petrograd against German army.

All industrial concerns in Germany ordered on June 9, 1914, nearly two months before war, to open sealed orders containing mobilization plans.

Pact at Kronstadt, July, 1917, turned over Bolshevik policies to German officers.

German dictated membership of Bolshevik "executive" central committee.

Assassination of Russian national leaders arranged by German officers. Destruction of Polish legation in Russia's army ordered.

Disorganization of Roumanian army and dispatching of Roumanian King planned.

Substitution of officers satisfactory to Germany in command of Russian troops instead of patriotic Russian generals provided for.

NOTICE.—Parties wishing to advertise in the loyal columns of the GRIMSBY INDEPENDENT, such as "For sale, wanted, to rent, lost, found, etc." will please take notice that advertisements here will be twenty-five cents and advertisements telephoned in will be thirty-five cents, unless paid into the office by postal note or cash within ten days. If costs are sent to send out reader account once or twice it an account for a twenty-five cent advertisement and if we have to simply cut the profit off. Parties telephoning their advertisements must take them up with cash or pay the extra price. THE INDEPENDENT GRIMSBY.

"Phone 24, GRIMSBY as soon as you receive word that your relative, if any, have been wounded or otherwise, in order that a complete list of casualties may be published each week in this paper.